

**22TP203 ADVANCED CODING COMPETENCY**

Hours Per Week :

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

**PREREQUISITE KNOWLEDGE:** Programming in C, Data Structures.**COURSE DESCRIPTION AND OBJECTIVES:**

This course helps to understand the impact of the choice of data structures and design strategies to solve the problem in an efficient manner. This course also provides the understanding of advanced graph applications and also throw light in tractable intractable problems.

**MODULE-1****UNIT-1****0L+0T+8P=8 Hours****STACKS, QUEUES AND SINGLE LINKED LISTS****PRACTICES:****Problems On Stacks & Queues**

- Check if given stack of integers are consecutive or not (could be ascending or descending).
- Find the maximum sum in a sliding window using queues.
- Given a queue of integers, rearrange the elements by interleaving the first half with the second half.
- Given an integer k and a queue of integers, reverse the order of the first k elements of the queue.
- Given a maze in the form of a rectangular matrix filled with O, X or M where O represents an open cell, X represents a blocked cell and M represents landmines, find the shortest distance of every open cell in the maze from its nearest mine.
- For a given parenthesis expression, check whether it is balanced parenthesis or not.
- Reverse a number using stack.
- You are given a string s consisting of lowercase English letters. A duplicate removal consists of choosing two adjacent and equal letters and removing them. We repeatedly make duplicate removals on s until we no longer can.
- Find first Unique character in a string (Queue).
- Implement Tower of Hanoi problem.

**Problems On Linked Lists**

- Given a random pointer to a random node in a singly linked list, clone the list.
- Given a list rotate the list to the right by k places.
- Remove duplicates from a sorted list.
- Find fractional node in a singly linked list.
- Sort a linked list using constant space complexity.
- Delete a node in start, middle, end of Singly linked list.
- Add a node in start, middle, end of Singly linked list.
- Find whether given single linked list is circular or not.
- Arrange a singly linked list in Descending order.
- Addition of two numbers using Singly Linked List.

**COMPETITIVE PROGRAMMING**

source: <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/best-way-to-start-with-competitive-programming-geeksforgeeks-cp-live-course/>

**SKILLS:**

- ✓ Experienced to Store data and various types of data to handle.
- ✓ Ordering and sorting of data.
- ✓ Indexing and Searching of required data from large data sequences.
- ✓ Exposed to various characteristics such as Linear or non-linear, Homogeneous or heterogeneous and Static and Dynamic.

**UNIT-2****0L+0T+8P=8 Hours****DOUBLY LINKED LISTS, CIRCULAR LINKED LISTS****PRACTICES:**

Problems on Double Linked Lists and Circular Linked Lists.

- Implement a clockwise rotation of a doubly linked list by N places.
- Count triplets in a sorted doubly linked list whose product is equal to a given value x.
- Find the product of all prime nodes in a doubly linked list.
- Find the count of common nodes in two doubly linked lists.
- Find pairs with given product in a sorted doubly linked list.
- Delete all the even nodes of a circular singly linked list.
- Count nodes in a circular linked list.
- Delete all prime nodes from a circular singly linked list.
- Exchange first and last nodes in a circular linked list.
- Reverse a doubly circular linked list.
- Linear search using a stack of incomplete sub problems.
- 1 2 3 4 5 6 in stack S is push X is pop, SSSSXXSSSXXX.
- Recursively remove all adjacent duplicates.
- Check if a given singly linked list is a palindrome using stack.
- Convert a multilevel singly linked list to a singly linked list.
- Remove duplicates from an unsorted doubly linked list.
- Sort a doubly linked list using insertion sort.
- Check if a doubly linked list of characters is palindrome or not.
- Swap Kth node from beginning with Kth node from end in a Double Linked List.
- Convert a Binary Tree into Double Linked List.

**MODULE-2****UNIT-1****0L+0T+8P =8 Hours****TREES****PRACTICES:**

Problems on Trees

- Given a sorted doubly linked list, convert it into a balanced BST.
- Given a singly linked list with data in the ascending order, convert it into a height balanced BST.
- Print the leaf to root path for every leaf node in a binary tree.
- Write a function to implement the reversed level order traversal of a binary tree.
- Truncate a given binary tree to remove nodes that lie on a path having sum less than K.
- Find the vertical sum in a given binary tree.
- Delete minimum & Maximum element from a BST.
- Implement Inorder, preorder and postorder tree traversal techniques.
- Print Kth largest element in a BST.
- Implement Zig-Zag tree traversal.

**UNIT-2****0L+0T+8P=8 Hours****GRAPHS****PRACTICES:**

Problems on Graphs.

- Given a directed acyclic graph, determine whether there is a path that visits every vertex exactly once.
- Reverse a directed graph such that each edge from v to w is replaced by an edge from w to v.
- Find the shortest path in a graph that visits each vertex at least once, starting and ending at the same vertex.
- Find the minimum number of throws required to win a snake and ladder game.
- Implement DFS of a Graph.
- Implement BFS of a Graph.
- Detect whether a cycle is present in an undirected graph.
- Detect cycle in a Directed Graph.
- Find Shortest Distance to goal node from root node in a graph.
- Find no.of nodes in Kth level of a Graph.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

Upon successful completion of this course, students will have the ability to:

CO No.	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level	Module No.	Mapping with POs
1	Apply various data structures to solve a different algorithm.	Apply	1,2	1
2	Investigate the various data structures to solve a given problem in an efficient manner.	Analyse	1,2	2
3	Design and implement an appropriate hashing function for an application.	Create	1,2	4

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. ReemaThareja, "Data Structures Using C", 2nd Edition, Oxford University Press, 2014.
2. Seymour Lipschutz, "Data Structures with C", 1st Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017.

**REFERENCEBOOKS:**

1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, "Fundamentals of Data Structures", illustrated edition, Computer Science Press, 2006.
2. Richard F. Gilbert and Behrouz A. Forouzan, "Data Structures: A Pseudocode Approach with C", 2nd Edition, CENAGE Learning, 2005.
3. R G Dromey and Pearson, "How to solve it by Computer", 2nd edition, Impression edition, 1998.